



**BK BIRLA CENTRE FOR EDUCATION
SARALA BIRLA GROUP OF SCHOOLS
SENIOR SECONDARY CO-ED DAY CUM BOYS' RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL
PRE-BOARD-III: EXAMINATION 2024-25
SOCIAL SCIENCE (087)**



CLASS: X

ANSWER KEY

DATE: 21/01/2025

Duration: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Admission No: -----

Roll No: -----

1. (d) Martin Luther
2. b). A parchment made from the skin of animals
3. (d) All of the above
4. (c) The parliament through a bloodless revolution seized power from the monarchy which gradually led to the emergence of a nation-state
5. (b) Economic growth
6. d) All of the above.
7. (c) A is correct but R is incorrect
8. (d) A, B & C
9. d) a party recognised by the 'Election Commission' with all the privileges and facilities
10. (c) Decision making is faster and quicker.
11. (c) Both
12. (d) An equitable distribution of resources
13. (a) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
14. Option C
15. Crevices
16. Agriculture
17. (c). Double coincidence
18. (a) Low middle income
19. (c) Interdependent
20. (d) Liberalization
21. It was the germs such as those of smallpox that they carried on their person. Because of their long isolation, America's original inhabitants had no immunity against these diseases that came from Europe. Smallpox in particular proved a deadly killer.
22. A ladder like formation in which all the caste groups are placed from the 'highest' to the 'lowest' castes.

OR

A system of division of work and other roles based on gender where all domestic work is done by either the women of the family or organized by them through domestic helpers.

23. The people engaged in primary sector activities earn a lot less as compared to the other two sectors. This is because the primary sector activities are not very profitable, plus most people turn to this activity because of unemployment.
24. Final goods are referred to as those goods which do not require further processing. These goods are also known as consumer goods and are produced for the purpose of direct consumption by the end consumer. Intermediate goods are referred to as those goods that are used by businesses in producing goods or services.
25. Contribution of Otto von Bismarck in German unification. Nationalist feelings started spreading amongst the middle class Germans, who in 1848, tried to unite different parts of German confederation into a nation state to have an elected parliamentary government. However, this liberal movement was repressed by the combined forces of monarchy and military supported by Prussian landowners.

Prussian Chief Minister, Otto von Bismarck, took the responsibility of national unification with the help of Prussian army and bureaucracy. Under his leadership he fought three wars over seven years with Austria, Denmark and France. Prussia was victorious in all these wars and the process of unification of Germany was completed as a result of Prussia's victory over France.

OR

Economic hardships faced by Europe in 1830s are: a The first half of the 19th century saw an enormous increase in population all over Europe. b Job-seekers were more and employment opportunities were less. c People from rural areas migrated to cities and made cities over-crowded slums.

26. The following are the several reforms that a political party can implement:
A clause addressing internal disputes within political parties.
There should be a third representation for female candidates in the party.
Parties ought not to support candidates with criminal histories.
It is important to support state funding during elections to ensure that candidates from underprivileged backgrounds have an equal chance of winning.
27. By providing holidays for various religious festivals, the government aims to foster national integration and unity. It recognizes the importance of each religion and its followers in the fabric of Indian society, and by celebrating and respecting diverse festivals, it promotes a sense of unity among citizens
28. Manufacturing industries help to modernize the agriculture sector, which is the backbone of our economy. By providing jobs in secondary and tertiary sectors, these industries help to reduce the heavy dependence of people only on agricultural income.
29. The WTO has many roles: it operates a global system of trade rules, it acts as a forum for negotiating trade agreements, it settles trade disputes between its members and it supports the needs of developing countries.

30. THE sense of collective belonging came partly through the experience of united struggles. But there were a variety of cultural processes through which nationalism captured people's imagination.
- History and fiction, folklore and songs, popular prints and symbols, all played a part in the making of nationalism.
- The identity of the nation is most often symbolised in a figure or image.
- The image of Bharat Mata was created by Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay.
- Abanindranath Tagore painted his famous image of Bharat Mata. In subsequent years, the image of Bharat Mata acquired many different forms.
- VandeMataram as a hymn to the motherland widely sung during the Swadeshi movement in Bengal.
- Folklores and tales gave true picture of traditional culture that had been corrupted and damaged by outside forces. Therefore, nationalists began recording folk tales and legends.
- As the national movement developed, nationalist leaders became more and more aware of icons and symbolism in unifying people and inspiring in them a feeling of nationalism. During the Swadeshi movement in Bengal, a tricolour flag was designed.
- History was also important means of creating a feeling of nationalism that gave pride in the nation.

31. Division of powers

The Indian Constitution outlines the division of powers between the central government and state governments. This dual polity gives both levels of government their own spheres of authority.

Restructuring of center-state relations

The center-state relationship has been restructured to strengthen federalism. For example, if no single party gets a clear majority in the Lok Sabha, major national parties can form a government at the center by allying with regional parties.

Formation of linguistic states

After independence, the boundaries of some old states were changed to create new states based on linguistic characteristics.

Centralized amendment power

The power to amend the Constitution lies with the center under Article 368 and other provisions.

32. i. Strip Farming
- ii. Contour Farming
- iii. Terrace Farming
- iv. Crop Rotation
- v. Shelter Belts

OR

Solar energy also has bright future in India because the use of solar energy shall be able to minimize the dependence of rural households on firewood and dung cakes which in turn shall contribute to environmental conservation and adequate supply of manure in agriculture

33. 1. Depositors are able to save their money and earn interest.
2. Deposits are lent out to borrowers.
3. The loans are used for investment.
4. Investment increase GDP.
5. Higher GDP leads to more jobs.
34. A. After the revolt of 1857, the attitude to freedom of the press changed. Englishmen demanded a clamp down on the 'native' press. As vernacular newspapers became assertively nationalist, the colonial government began to have stringent control on Press
- 34B. Lord Lytton passed the Vernacular Press Act 1878 which authorized the government to confiscate newspapers that printed 'seditious material'. He also passed the Arms Act 1878 which prohibited Indians from carrying weapons of any kind without licenses. Englishmen were excluded from this act.
- 35 A: Self expression
- 35 B: Self expression
- 36 A: self-expression
- 36 B: Self expression
- 36 C: Self-Expression
37. a) Map
- A: Calcutta
- B: Champaran
- 37 b) Self Expression